

Performing Arts Virtual Learning

6-8/Acting & Debate

April 22, 2020



6 - 8/Acting & Debate Lesson: April 22th, 2020

Objective/Learning Target:

6.2.a,b.c,d
Students will use techniques including;
motion, characterization, and expressive
delivery to create an exciting storytelling
presentation.

UNIT - STORYTELLING TODAYS LESSON WILL BE NEXT. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT PAST LESSONS SCROLL DOWN





Background

What does the acro	nym SPEECH stand for	r?
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S

P

E

E

H



Self Assessment

How did you do?

S Speed

P Posture

E Enthusiasm/Energy

E Eye Contact

C Clarity

H Heard by all



Activity



Today when practicing your storytelling script continue to focus on stances, but also work on doing actions while saying your lines & the speech acronym.

Are you being enthusiastic?

Are you being loud enough?

Are you looking at your audience?

Can people understand what you're saying?





Practice Practice Practice

Practice your storytelling script 3 times today.

Here is a timer you can use.

Your story should not be over 5 minutes.

If it is, you may shorten it. Be sure not to take out anything that is essential to the story.

5 Minute Timer





Self Evaluation



- Did you have enough actions to move almost the entire story?
- Did each character look and sound different?
- Did you tell the story with enthusiasm?
- Did you include at least 5 sound effects?
- Was it loud enough to be heard by everyone?
- Did you include facial expressions?
- Did you look at your audience?



Additional Resources

Here are a few more example videos to watch

Remember you have to stay in your chair. Those are the storytelling rules.

Bonnie And The Stranger

Here's another one to watch

Rinse The Blood Off My Toga

LAST SLIDE FOR APRIL 22ND



Background/Review

Memorization

Take a moment and review your script without looking at it.

How much did you remember?

Get your script out and go over what you forgot.



Activity

Today we are going to start practicing for your performance.

The focus will be on Stances

Each character will need a different stance. When they are not doing specific actions what do they look like? What are they doing?

Watch the video below and see how each character looks different

Beauty And The Beast



Examples

Tough Guy

Stands with legs apart

Holds a weapon

Weight more on one foot

Action - Swinging his weapon





More Examples

Grandmother

Leans forward

Pokes her cane at people

Her body Shakes

Moves slowly





One More Example

Teenager

Hand on one hip

Always on phone

Chews gum

Has an "attitude"





Practice

Now it's your turn. Take out a piece of paper and copy this chart down. Fill it in for each of your characters.

Character	Body Stance	Basic Action
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		



How to change characters

When you go from one character to another you "Pop" or "Morph" into the next character.

This way even if the character doesn't say anything we should know who it is by the stance.

Take a look at the link to show you how to change characters.

How To Pop And Morph



Application

Bring the story to life



Sit on the very edge of a chair - kitchen chair would be best. (You have to stay on your chair)

Spread out your 3 pages of scripts on the floor side by side, a good 2 feet away from your feet

Be sure your feet have room to move

Begin practicing your storytelling.

END OF SLIDES FOR APRIL 21ST



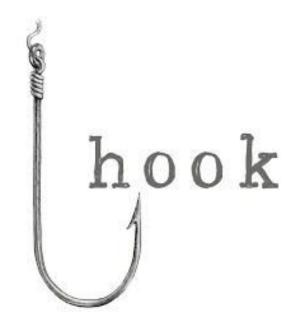
April 15th - Writing an Introduction

Background:

What is a hook?

What was your debate hook?

What did it tell your audience?



It should have been a beginning statement that

- 1. Grabbed the audience's attention
- 2. Told the audience what you would be speaking on.



Warm up



Watch the following video on how to write an introduction

It will go over several different types - which will be useful to you in later Acting and Debate classes.

You will focus on the first type: Humorous

Grab some paper to take some notes!

How To Write An Intro For Forensics



Practice



Brainstorm

- 1. What joke do you want to do? (look back at the video to see what the different options were)
- 2. In one sentence relate it back to your story
- 3. In one sentence explain the situation in the story (Don't be too specific Don't give anything away)
- 4. Who is the Author of the story?
- 5. What is the Title of the story?



Application

Now put that all together and write your introduction.

It should not be long

Include all the steps from the last slide

It is a humorous (funny) piece so it's ok to be funny in the intro as well!

What would the audience like to hear?

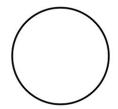


Self Evaluation



1. Underline your joke

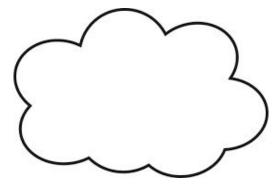
2. Put a circle around your Author



3. Put a square around your title



4. Put a bubble around how you related it to your story





Additional Resources

Karrie Korroch shares great tips

Storytelling tips



Below is for writing an introduction for a paper, but the idea is the same. Instead of a thesis you will discuss the theme of your story

Learn to write an Introduction

End of April 15th's lessons



April 14th Background Info

Have you gotten used to online learning?

It can be difficult, but you can do it!

Just take the time to follow directions and pay attention to details.

Remember you can always email me any questions you have.

Try this warm up

Awareness Test



Warm up

What is the difference between Gestures and Actions? See if you can fill out this chart

Know	Want to Know	Learned Today	1
•	₩ •	•	
•	•	•	***
	•		
•		•	



Actions vs. Gestures

What are actions?

Actions are movements done by an actor that enhance the storyline. Actions tell what they the characters are doing.

Example:

Building a house

Opening a door

Chopping down a tree

Baking cookies





Actions vs Gestures

What are gestures?

Gestures are facial or quick hand movements that help the actor portray feelings.

Example:

Smiling

Looking shocked

Glaring

Rolling eyes





Activity

Today we are focusing on ACTIONS

How can your characters move to show what they are doing?

Do NOT add any gestures right now. We will get to that later.

Grab a 3rd color you have not used on your script yet.



Activity Continued

In the 2 blank lines between the dialogue add 1 to 3 actions that character would be doing right before, during or after they speak.

Write in the actions. You will also have your sound effects written there as well.

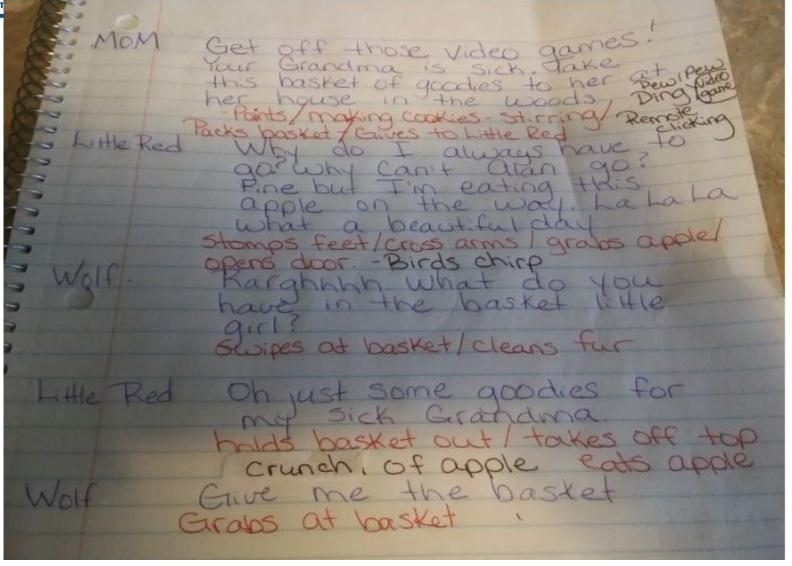
Example

MOM: Get off those video games Little Red and take this basket of goodies to your grandma

Stirring cookies Pack basket Hand to Little Red



SELF EVALUATION. Does your script look like this?



Last slide for April 14th



April 13th Actions & Sound Effects

WARM UP

In storytelling you will be creating sound effects that go along with your story. These will NOT be character sounds but sounds from inanimate objects or animals.

Try this link to practice some.

Ten Fun Sound Effects



ACTIVITY

Take your script and find 5 to 7 places you could insert a sound effect. Look for actions that produce sound like:

- Hammering a nail
- Opening a door
- Answering a phone
- Biting an apple
- Vacuuming a room





Activity continued...

Also look for places/animals that would produce sound like

- Ocean waves
- Birds chirping
- Tornado
- Wind and/or Rain
- Wolf Growling





Practice



Once you have an idea about what sound effects you want, now practice them.

Consider what it really sounds like, not the word you would put down

For example, a dog doesn't really sound like BARK

They sound like this. **Dog Sounds**

Can you actually make that sound?



Application



- Now grab a colored pen. Not the same color as your character dialogue.
- Remember those 2 blank lines you left? Write in your sound effects.
- These are sound effects put the words you will use/remember. You can put bark, but just remember to sound like a real dog.



Example

Mom: Little Red get off those video games and go take this basket of goodies to your grandmother she isn't feeling well

Zing zing Beep Boop

Little Red: But Mom! Fine but I'm eating this apple. What a beautiful day!

Crunch Birds chirping



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

How is sound made in movies?

How animal sounds are made in movies

How are earth sounds made?

The Magic of Making Sound

END OF APRIL 13th. BELOW ARE PAST RESOURCES

BACKGROUND - CHARACTER DEVELOPMENT

- Think about how you created your last character. Possibly in your speed interviews. What did you do to look and sound different?
- What makes a character interesting?
- What did you like/dislike from watching others perform in class? How can you use that to ensure that your performance is successful?

WARM UP

Click on the link below to watch a storytelling example.

As you are watching think about the techniques they used to create an exciting story. What stood out?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-QKrr1_VkHY

ACTIVITY DIRECTIONS & PRACTICE

Todays Goal: Pick a story that you would like to perform.

Pick on that is:

Exciting

Has good characters

You know fairly well

Focuses on just a few characters

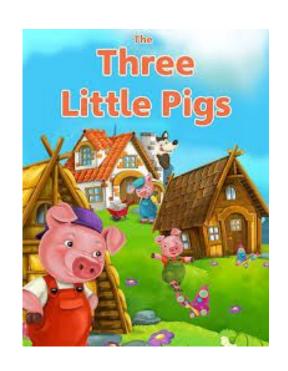
After you have watched some shows and/or read some books...Pick one!

EXAMPLES

Your story could be....









SELF ASSESSMENT



Ask yourself these questions about the book you choose:

- Would this story be exciting for an audience?
- Do I know this story fairly well? After some practice would I be able to tell the basic story without looking at your notes?
- Can I tell this story using only 3 to 5 characters
- Do I personally like this story?

If you can answer YES to all those questions - You have found your story!

APRIL 7TH NEXT STEPS

Warm Up

Pick a character from your story.

Walk around your house for a few minutes acting like that character while thinking about:

What actions would they do?

What would they say?

How would they sound?

ACTIVITY DIRECTIONS & PRACTICE

One a piece of paper write down your 3 to 5 main characters. You can use their names or draw a picture that represents each character.

Next to each person brainstorm some characterizations of that character. Make them your own.

How do they sound? What kind of attitude do they have?

What actions would they do? What quirks do they have?

How would their body look - Stance?

DIRECTIONS CONTINUED

Here is an example for Little Red Riding Hood



SELF ASSESSMENT

Next to each character did you put:

How they would sound?

How they would look? (Stance)

What actions are typical for them?

Will each character look totally different when you perform them?

If you can answer YES to all questions you are finished!

APRIL 8TH - DIRECTIONS

Brainstorm Storyline

Divide up a single sheet of paper into 3

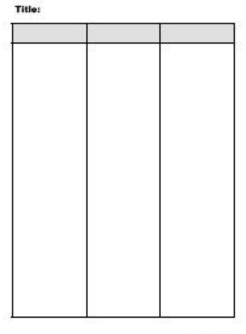
columns. (Like shown below)

Label the 3 columns

Beginning

Middle

End



APRIL 8TH - DIRECTIONS CONTINUED

In Each column write down the important parts of the story.

Try to get at least

5 events for the beginning

10 events for the middle

5 events for the end

Most of the story should be the same as the original, but feel free to be creative. For example, make the Big Bad Wolf a terrible rapper.

APRIL 8TH - DIRECTIONS CONTINUED

Example:

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Beginning (Little Red Riding Hood)
Mom is making cookies, puts some into a basket
Gives Basket to little Red
Little Red reaches in and grabs an apple and eats it
Mom tells Little Red to take it to Grandma
Little Red complains but grabs the basket
Little Red is playing video games
```

(Don't worry about being perfect. This arrow shows this should go first)

APRIL 8TH - DIRECTIONS CONTINUED

Self Assessment

Did you include in your brainstorming all the characters that you need to tell the story?

Did you tell a complete story?

Does the story make sense?

APRIL 9TH LESSON

Warm up:

How do you tell a good story?

Watch below

https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities/hass-storytelling/story telling-pixar-in-a-box/ah-piab-we-are-all-storytellers/v/storytelling-introb

BACKGROUND

So far you should have:

A character list with all their traits

A 3 column page of the basic storyline.

Today you will need:

3 pieces of notebook paper

A pencil - we will use colored pens later so it must be only a pencil today

Background Continued....

Before you start writing your script today, think back to what a script looks like. Here is an example

LEONARDO. Master Splinter, we've been ignoring these attacks long

enough. The time has surely come for us to go to the

surface and fight.

SPLINTER. Fifteen years ago I was a pet of my master Yoshi. I was

mimicking his movements from my cage and learning the secret art of ninja. When we were forced to come to New York, I found myself wandering the sewers. That's when I came upon a shattered glass jar and four baby turtles.

MIKEY. That was, like, totally us. Cowabunga!

RAPHAEL. Shut up, Mikey.

SPLINTER. The little ones were crawling in a strange, glowing ooze.

DONATELLO. Actually, it was molecular irradiated mutonium.

RAPHAEL. Shut up, Donatello.

SPLINTER. Then, one of them spoke.

BABY. Pizza! Pizza!

SPLINTER. Soon, I began their training and teaching them all that I

had learned from my master. I gave them all names.

Background Continued....

It starts by listing the characters name and then what they say.

Never does it say "The Big Bad Wolf said"

We can tell who is talking because of the name in front of the dialogue.

It also does not use quotation marks "" that are used normally. So don't use them!

You may choose to have one of your characters be the narrator. They should not talk much, but move the story along when needed.

DIRECTIONS TO PRACTICE ACTIVITY

On the left hand side of paper write the name of the character who is going to talk first

Leave a little bit of space and write what they would say out loud.

Example:

Mom What is that racket? Little Red get off those video games! Your grandmother is not feeling well, take this basket of goodies to her house in the woods.

DIRECTIONS TO PRACTICE ACTIVITY CONTINUED....

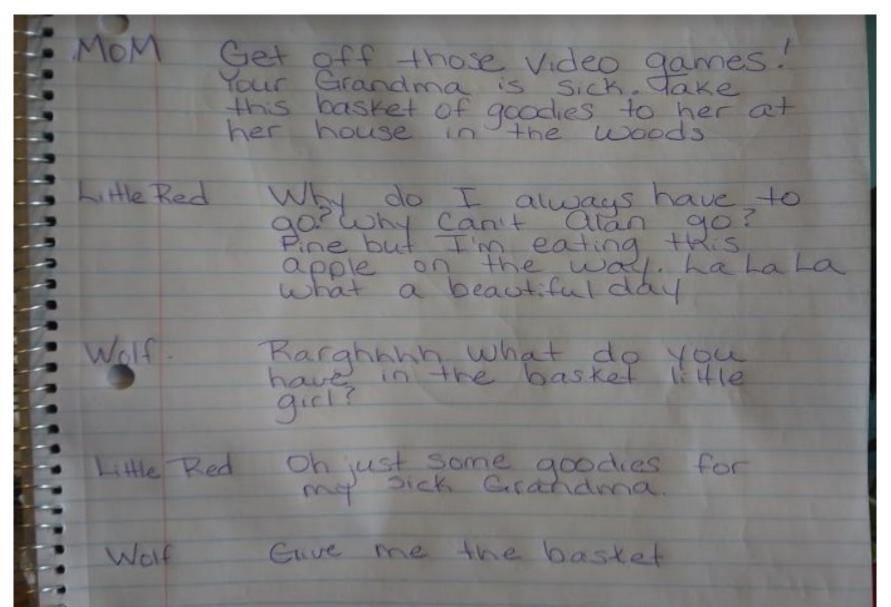
Next: Leave two blank lines after each person talks - VERY IMPORTANT!!!

Then write the name of the next character who talks and what they say.

Continue doing this until your script is done.

Do not go over 3 pages.

EXAMPLE SCRIPT Be sure to notice the 2 blank lines between each character!



SELF ASSESSMENT

Did you keep it to 3 pages?

Did you tell the whole story? (beginning, middle & end)

Did you write in just one color?